

Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents, 2021 and United Nations GHS revision 9 Issue date: 3/18/2025 Revision date: 3/26/2025 Supersedes: 3/18/2025 Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier/undertaking

1.1. GHS product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Dura - QD Enamel - Golden Yellow

Type of product : Coatings
Product code : QDGOLDEN
Product group : Trade product

1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Light industrial coating applications

1.4. Supplier's details

Manufacturer

Dura Paints (Pty) Ltd.

5 Wakefield Road; Founders View South.

P.O. Box 303

1610 Edenvale; Johannesburg - South Africa

T 011 452 5221

Contact: Lizel Rosemann

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : 079 494 2731 / 011 452 5221

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. GHS classification of the substance/mixture and any national or regional information

Classification according to the United Nations GHS

Flammable liquids, Category 2	H225
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	H315
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317
Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B	H340
Carcinogenicity, Category 1B	H350
Reproductive toxicity, Category 2	H361
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure, Category 1	H370
Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis	H336
Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2	H373
Aspiration hazard, Category 1	H304
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard, Category 2	H401
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 2	H411

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and

environmental effects

: Highly flammable liquid and vapour,May cause cancer,May cause genetic defects,Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child,May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure,Causes damage to organs,May cause drowsiness or dizziness,Causes skin irritation,May cause an allergic skin reaction,May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways,Toxic to aquatic life,Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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2.2. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Labelling according to the United Nations GHS

Hazard pictograms (GHS ZA)



Signal word (GHS-ZA) Hazardous ingredients

Hazard statements (GHS ZA)

: Danger

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics; Xylene; Hexane; Toluene; Cyclohexane; Naphta (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Butanone oxime

: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H340 - May cause genetic defects (Dermal, Inhalation)

H350 - May cause cancer (Dermal, Inhalation)

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility. (Dermal, Inhalation)

H370 - Causes damage to organs (Cardiac and blood circulation effects, liver, kidneys) (Dermal, Inhalation)

H373 - May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements (GHS ZA) : P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P261 - Avoid breathing fume, mist, spray, vapours.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves. P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P501 - Dispose of container to recycling.

P-statements for label (GHS-ZA)

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.; P102 - Keep out of reach of children.; P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions.; P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.; P261 - Avoid breathing fume, mist, spray, vapours.; P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.; P273 - Avoid release to the environment.; P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.; P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water; IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.; P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention; P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.; P501 - Dispose of container to recycling.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification or are not covered by the GHS

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

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3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to the United Nations GHS
Toluene	CAS-No.: 108-88-3	3 – 25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	-	7.5 – 17.5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. Not classified (Oral) Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 STOT RE Not classified Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 3, H402 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Xylene	CAS-No.: 1330-20-7	1.503 – 15.025	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. Not classified (Oral) Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. Not classified (Inhalation:vapour) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT RE Not classified Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	CAS-No.: 64742-48-9	7.5 – 15	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. Not classified (Oral) Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Naphta (petroleum), hydrotreated light	CAS-No.: 64742-49-0	4.5 – 15	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. Not classified (Inhalation:dust,mist) Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
C.I. pigment yellow 035	CAS-No.: 8048-07-5	2.5 – 8	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Cyclohexane	CAS-No.: 110-82-7	0.3 – 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. Not classified (Oral) Acute Tox. Not classified (Inhalation:vapour) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

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Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to the United Nations GHS
Hexane	CAS-No.: 110-54-3	0.3 – 2.5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
C.I. Pigment orange 20	CAS-No.: 12656-57-4	0.05 – 1.6	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
C.I. pigment red 108	CAS-No.: 58339-34-7	0.05 – 1.6	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Ttanium dioxide PW6	CAS-No.: 13463-67-7	0.5 – 1.5	Acute Tox. Not classified (Oral) Acute Tox. Not classified (Inhalation:dust,mist) Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 3, H402 Aquatic Chronic Not classified
Butanone oxime	CAS-No.: 96-29-7	0.04975 – 0.199	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic Not classified

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Call a physician immediately.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If skin

irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse eyes with water as a precaution.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effect, acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Symptoms/effects after inhalation : None under normal conditions.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : None under normal conditions.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Risk of lung oedema.

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

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Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Explosion hazard : No direct explosion hazard.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Fight fire from safe distance and protected location. Do not enter fire area without proper

protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained

breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Emergency procedures : No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Only qualified personnel equipped with

suitable protective equipment may intervene. Do not breathe

dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information

refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Collect spillage. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry

into sewers or streams. Stop leak without risks if possible.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or

public waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving

equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Limit quantities of product at the minimum necessary for handling and limit the number of exposed workers. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Floors, walls and other

surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Hygiene measures : Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after

handling the product.

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Additional hazards when processed : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Packaging materials : Store always product in container of same material as original container.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Xylene (1330-20-7)		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Restricted Limits)		
Local name	Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers	
OEL eight hour TWA	300 ppm	
RHCA - STEL/C	200 ppm	
Remark	SKIN (danger of cutaneous absorption)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airbo	orne Pollutants)	
Local name	Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers	
OEL TWA	218 mg/m³	
	50 ppm	
OEL STEL	435 mg/m³	
	100 ppm	
Remark	Sk (Danger of cutaneous absorption)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	
South Africa - Biological limit values		
Local name	Xylenes	
BEI	1.5 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021	
Hexane (110-54-3)		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Restricted Limits)		
Local name	n-Hexane	
RHCA - STEL/C	100 ppm	
Remark	SKIN (danger of cutaneous absorption)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airborne Pollutants)		
Local name	n-Hexane	
OEL TWA	70 mg/m³	
	20 ppm	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	
South Africa - Biological limit values		
Local name	n-Hexane	

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Hexane (110-54-3)			
BEI	0.4 mg/l Parameter: 2,5-Hexanedione - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift at end of workweek		
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021		
Toluene (108-88-3)			
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Restr	ricted Limits)		
Local name	Toluene		
OEL eight hour TWA	150 ppm		
	560 mg/m³		
RHCA - STEL/C	40 ppm 50 ppm		
	188 mg/m³		
Remark	SKIN (danger of cutaneous absorption) Sk		
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021 Government Notice. R: 1179		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airbo	orne Pollutants)		
Local name	Toluene		
OEL TWA	188 mg/m³		
	50 ppm		
OEL STEL	560 mg/m³		
	150 ppm		
Remark	Sk (Danger of cutaneous absorption)		
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904		
South Africa - Biological limit values			
Local name	Toluene		
BEI	0.02 mg/l Parameter: Toluene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: Prior to last shift of workweek 0.03 mg/l Parameter: Toluene - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift 0.3 mg/g creatinine Parameter: o-Cresol - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: B (background)		
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021		
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)			
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Restr	ricted Limits)		
Local name	Cychlohexane		
RHCA - STEL/C	200 ppm		
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airbo	South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airborne Pollutants)		
Local name	Cychlohexane		
OEL TWA	340 mg/m³		
	100 ppm		
OEL STEL	1030 mg/m³		
	300 ppm		

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Cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	
Ttanium dioxide PW6 (13463-67-7)		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Restr	ricted Limits)	
Local name	Titanium dioxide	
RHCA - STEL/C	10 mg/m³ 10 mg/m³ total inhalable dust 5 mg/m³ respirable dust	
Remark	CARC (denotes carcinogenicity, which is based on GHS categorisation, including category 1A, 1B)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021 Government Notice. R: 1179	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airborne Pollutants)		
Local name	Titanium dioxide	
OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ inhalable particulate 5 mg/m³ respirable particulate	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Hand protection : Protective gloves
Eye protection : Safety glasses

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection : [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s)







8.4. Exposure limit values for the other components

No additional information available

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Viscous liquid.
Colour : Yellow

Odour : Aromatic solvent like odour

Odour threshold : No data available pH : No data available pH solution : No data available Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : No data available Melting point : Not applicable

Freezing point : \approx -94.9 °C Derived from Toluene values sourced from HSDB Boiling point : \approx 110.6 °C Derived from Toluene values sourced from HSDB Flash point : \approx 4 °C Derived from Toluene values sourced from HSDB

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Auto-ignition temperature : ≈ 480 °C Derived from Toluene values sourced from HSDB

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Flammability : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Vapour pressure : 28.4 mm Hg Derived from Toluene values sourced from HSDB

Vapour pressure at 50°C : No data available

Relative vapour density at 20°C : ≈ 3.1 Derived from Toluene values sourced from HSDB

Relative density : > 0.87 - < 0.92 Product TDS

Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture : No data available Density : No data available Relative gas density : No data available : No data available

Solubility : Material insoluble in water. Not miscible.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : No data available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : ≈ 0.74 mm²/s Derived from Xylene values sourced from ECHA

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available Explosive properties : No data available Oxidising properties : No data available Explosive limits : No data available Lower explosion limit : No data available Upper explosion limit : No data available

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Viscous liquid.

9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics (64742-48-9)

LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

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Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics (64742-48-9)		
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	≥ 3160 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aro	matics	
LD50 oral rat	≥ 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Source : Echa	
LD50 oral	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal:	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	≥ 3160 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5 mg/l Source : Echa	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
LD50 oral rat	> 3523 - < 6631 mg/kg bodyweight XYLENE : ECHA	
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male, Remarks on results: other:	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	≥ 27.124 mg/l XYLENE : ECHA	
Hexane (110-54-3)		
LD50 oral rat	≈ 1600 ng/kg Source : ECHA	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3350 mg/kg bodyweight Source : ECHA	
Toluene (108-88-3)		
LD50 oral rat	5580 mg/kg Source: ECHA	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg Source: ECHA	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	> 20 mg/l Source: ECHA	
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 32.88 mg/l/4h Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
Naphta (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742	-49-0)	
LD50 oral rat	≥ 5000 mg/kg bodyweight ECHA	
LD50 dermal rat	2800 – 3100 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat	
LD50 dermal rabbit	≥ 2000 mg/kg bodyweight ECHA	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5.61 mg/l ECHA	
Ttanium dioxide PW6 (13463-67-7)		
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 - < 25000 mg/kg bodyweight Practically nontoxic; Source: ECHA	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	> 3.43 - < 6.82 mg/l/4h Source: ECHA	
C.I. Pigment orange 20 (12656-57-4)		
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method)	

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C.I. pigment red 108 (58339-34-7)		
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg Source: ECHA	
Butanone oxime (96-29-7)		
LD50 oral rat	> 900 - < 2326 mg/kg bodyweight Source: Echa	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 4.83 mg/l/4h Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation : Serious eye damage/irritation : Respiratory or skin sensitization : Germ cell mutagenicity : Carcinogenicity : Toluene (108-88-3)	Causes skin irritation. Not classified May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause genetic defects (Dermal, Inhalation). May cause cancer (Dermal, Inhalation).	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable	
Ttanium dioxide PW6 (13463-67-7)		
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
Reproductive toxicity :	Suspected of damaging fertility. (Dermal, Inhalation).	
	Suspected of damaging fertility. (Dermal, Inhalation). Causes damage to organs (Cardiac and blood circulation effects, liver, kidneys) (Dermal, Inhalation). May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes	s, cyclics, <2% aromatics (64742-48-9)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
LOAEL (oral, rat)	≈ 150 mg/kg bodyweight XYLENE : ECHA	
NOAEL (oral, rat)	≈ 250 mg/kg bodyweight XYLENE : ECHA	
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas)	> 450 - < 1800 ppmv/4h XYLENE : 12H : ECHA	
STOT-single exposure	Causes damage to organs.	
Hexane (110-54-3)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Toluene (108-88-3)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Butanone oxime (96-29-7)		
STOT-single exposure	Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
STOT-repeated exposure :	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics		
NOAEL (oral, rat, 28 days)	> 1000 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source : Echa	
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, 28 days)	> 10.4 mg/l Source : Echa	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	> 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	> 10.4 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study)	

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LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity) Hexane (110-54-3) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 2 200 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source : ECHA NOAEL (oral, rat, 28 days) 2 40 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source : ECHA STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). Toluene (108-88-3) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) * 1250 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source: ECHA **NOAEL (oral, rat, 28 days) * 2 261 mg/l Source: ECHA **NOAEL (oral, rat, 28 days) * 2 261 mg/l Source: ECHA **NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) **NOAEC (inhalation, rat, 28 days) **NOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days) **NOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days) **NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) **STOT-repeated exposure **May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. **NoAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) **STOT-repeated exposure **May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. **NoAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) **DOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) **16.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male **Butanone oxime (86-29-7) LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) **0.0 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male **Butanone oxime (86-29-7) LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) **0.0 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) **NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) **10 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: muse, Animal sex: male Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) **10 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: muse, Animal sex: male Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)		
(Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity) Hexane (110-54-3) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 2 200 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source : ECHA NOAEL (oral, rat, 28 days) 2 40 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source : ECHA May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). Toluene (108-88-3) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 2 1250 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source: ECHA LOAEC (Inhalation, rat, 90 days) 2 2261 mg/l Source: ECHA LOAEC (Inhalation, rat, 28 days) NOAEL (oral, rat, 28 days) NOAEL (oral, rat, 28 days) NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, 28 days) NOAEC (Inha	Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) ≥ 200 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source : ECHA STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). Totuene (108-88-3) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) ≈ 1250 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source : ECHA ≈ 1250 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source : ECHA LOAEC (Inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days) ≈ 1250 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source : ECHA ≈ 2.261 mg/l Source : ECHA NOAEL (oral, rat, 28 days) ≈ 2.261 mg/l Source : ECHA NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, 28 days) ≈ 2.261 - < 4.71 mg/l Source : ECHA NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, 28 days) ≈ 2.261 - < 4.71 mg/l Source : ECHA NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, yapour, 90 days) 1.131 - 2.355 mg/l Air, Source : ECHA NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Naphta (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-49-0) LOAEC (Inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 16.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 16.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male ■ 1.402 mg/l ECHA NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 3.3 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male Butanone oxime (96-29-7) LOAEC (Inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: Other: NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: Other: NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 10 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: Other: NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: Other: NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 10 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: Other: NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) NOAEC (Inhalation, rat,	LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	(Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-
NOAEL (oral, rat, 28 days) ≥ 40 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source : ECHA May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). **Toluene (108-88-3)** **LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) **NOAEL (oral, rat, 28 days) **NOAEC (inhalation, rat, 90 days) **NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) **Tournel development of the prolonged or repeated exposure or 16.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study) **Tournel development or repeated exposure or 16.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male **NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) **NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 9	Hexane (110-54-3)	
May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). Toluene (108-88-3) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) = 1250 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source: ECHA LOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days) > 2261 mg/l Source: ECHA NOAEL (oral, rat, 28 days) > 2625 mg/kg bodyweight/day NOAEC (inhalation, rat, 28 days) > 2.261 - < 4.71 mg/l Source: ECHA NOAEC (inhalation, rat, 29 days) > 2.261 - < 4.71 mg/l Source: ECHA NOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days) 1.131 - 2.355 mg/l Air, Source: ECHA NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 2.355 mg/l Air, Source: ECHA NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 2.355 mg/l Air, Source: ECHA NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 2.355 mg/l Air, Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:90-Day Study) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Naphta (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-49-0) LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 16.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 2.1402 mg/l ECHA NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 3.3 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male Butanone oxime (96-29-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Sapiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters ainways.	LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	≥ 200 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source : ECHA
exposure (Inhalation). Toluene (108-88-3) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	NOAEL (oral, rat, 28 days)	≥ 40 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source : ECHA
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) = 1250 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source: ECHA LOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days) = 2.261 mg/l Source: ECHA NOAEL (oral, rat, 28 days) > 2.625 mg/kg bodyweight/day NOAEC (inhalation, rat, 28 days) > 2.261 - < 4.71 mg/l Source: ECHA NOAEC (inhalation, rat, 28 days) > 2.261 - < 4.71 mg/l Source: ECHA NOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days) 1.131 - 2.355 mg/l Air, Source: ECHA NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 2.355 mg/l Air, Source: ECHA NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 2.355 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Naphta (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-49-0) LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 16.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 1.402 mg/l ECHA NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 3.3 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male Butanone oxime (96-29-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: other: NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 0.09 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days) 110 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. In the province of the province of the prolonged or repeated exposure. In the province of the province of the prolonged or repeated exposure. In the province of the province	STOT-repeated exposure	
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NOAEL (oral, rat, 28 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, 28 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, and passes a	LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	≈ 1250 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source: ECHA
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, 28 days) > 2.261 – < 4.71 mg/l Source : ECHA NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 1.131 – 2.355 mg/l Air, Source: ECHA NOAEC (inhalation, rat, yapour, 90 days) 1.131 – 2.355 mg/l Air, Source: ECHA NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Naphta (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742–49-0) LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 16.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 16.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 3.3 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male Butanone oxime (96-29-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) NOAEC (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days) 110 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Sepiration hazard 1 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Dura - QD Enamel - Golden Yellow	LOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days)	≈ 2.261 mg/l Source: ECHA
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NOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days) 1.131 – 2.355 mg/l Air, Source: ECHA 2.355 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:90-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Naphta (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-49-0) LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 16.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 3.3 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male Butanone oxime (96-29-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: other: NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days) 110 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. SSTOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Dura - QD Enamel - Golden Yellow	NOAEC (inhalation, rat, 28 days)	> 2.261 - < 4.71 mg/l Source : ECHA
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 2.355 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:90-Day Study) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Naphta (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-49-0) LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, 28 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, 28 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) Butanone oxime (96-29-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: other: NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 10.09 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days) 110 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Spiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Dura - QD Enamel - Golden Yellow	NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	≈ 625 mg/kg bodyweight/day Rat
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Naphta (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-49-0) LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, 28 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 1.402 mg/l ECHA NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 3.3 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male Butanone oxime (96-29-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: other: NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 0.09 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days) 110 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Dura - QD Enamel - Golden Yellow	NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	
LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 16.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male NOAEC (inhalation, rat, 28 days) ≈ 1.402 mg/l ECHA NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 3.3 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male Butanone oxime (96-29-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: other: NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days) 110 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Sepiration hazard ∴ May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, 28 days) ≈ 1.402 mg/l ECHA 3.3 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male Butanone oxime (96-29-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: other: NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days) 110 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Spiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	Naphta (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742	-49-0)
Butanone oxime (96-29-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) A0 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: other: NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) A0 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days) The major of	LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	16.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male
Butanone oxime (96-29-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) A0 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: other: NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days) 110 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	NOAEC (inhalation, rat, 28 days)	≈ 1.402 mg/l ECHA
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: other: 0.09 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days) 110 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Sepiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	3.3 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 0.09 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days) 110 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Aspiration hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Dura - QD Enamel - Golden Yellow	Butanone oxime (96-29-7)	
28-Day Study) NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days) 110 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Dura - QD Enamel - Golden Yellow	LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: other:
870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Aspiration hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Dura - QD Enamel - Golden Yellow	NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	
Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Dura - QD Enamel - Golden Yellow	NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days)	
Dura - QD Enamel - Golden Yellow	STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	Aspiration hazard :	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Viscosity, kinematic ≈ 0.74 mm²/s Derived from Xylene values sourced from ECHA	Dura - QD Enamel - Golden Yellow	
	Viscosity, kinematic	≈ 0.74 mm²/s Derived from Xylene values sourced from ECHA

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

: Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Ecology - general

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term : Toxic to aquatic life.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term

: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

(chronic)

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% around	matics
LC50 - Fish [1]	≈ 76.8 g/l

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Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics		
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	≈ 100 mg/l Source : Echa	
NOEC (chronic)	0.011 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'	
Kylene (1330-20-7)		
.C50 - Fish [1]	> 2.6 – < 9.6 mg/l Source: ECHA	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	≥ 10.389 mg/l Source: Echa	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 4.6 – < 4.9 mg/l XYLENE : Aquatic Algae : ECHA	
LOEC (chronic)	3.16 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'	
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'	
NOEC chronic algae	≈ 0.44 mg/l XYLENE : Aquatic Algae 73H : ECHA	
Foluene (108-88-3)		
.C50 - Fish [1]	5.5 mg/l Source: ECHA	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3.78 mg/l Source: ECHA	
ErC50 algae	≥ 84 mg/l Source : ECHA	
OEC (chronic)	≥ 2.76 mg/l 7 Days - Source : ECHA	
NOEC (chronic)	0.74 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'	
NOEC chronic fish	≥ 1.39 mg/l Source : ECHA	
NOEC chronic crustacea	≈ 0.74 mg/l Source: ECHA	
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
.C50 - Fish [1]	> 4.53 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	≥ 0.9 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	≥ 4.42 mg/l Fresh water algae - Source : ECHA	
NOEC chronic algae	≥ 0.925 ppm freshwater algae - Source : ECHA	
Naphta (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742	-49-0)	
LOEC (chronic)	0.32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'	
NOEC (chronic)	0.17 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'	
Ttanium dioxide PW6 (13463-67-7)		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 2.41 - < 103.9 mg/l Source: ECHA	
EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species):	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	≥ 100 mg/l Source: ECHA	
LOEC (acute)	≈ 160 mg/l Fish, 4 Days; Source: ECHA	
LOEC (chronic)	≈ 5 mg/l Crustacea, 21 Days; Source: ECHA	
NOEC (acute)	0.004 – 0.08 mg/l 28 Dday, fish; Source: Echa	
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 100 mg/l 28 days; Source: ECHA	
NOEC chronic fish	> 80 - < 160 mg/l 6 days; Source: ECHA	
C.I. pigment yellow 035 (8048-07-5)		
.C50 - Fish [1]	≥ 1000 mg/l Inherited from KOSHA database	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	≥ 6.5 mg/l Source: Chat GPT	
ErC50 algae	0.37 mg/l Source: ECHA	

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C.I. Pigment orange 20 (12656-57-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	≥ 1 g/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	3.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Raphidocelis subcapitata (previous names: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
LOEC (chronic)	0.29 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0.2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
C.I. pigment red 108 (58339-34-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 1000 mg/l Source: ECHA
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 2.2 mg/l Source: ECHA
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	3.1 mg/l Source: ECHA
Butanone oxime (96-29-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oryzias latipes
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	≈ 201 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	≈ 11.8 mg/l Test organisms (species): Scenedesmus capricornutum
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	≈ 6.09 mg/l Test organisms (species): Scenedesmus capricornutum
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	> 50 - < 100 mg/l Source: Echa
NOEC chronic algae	≥ 2.56 mg/l Freshwater Algae; Source: Echa
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Dura - QD Enamel - Golden Yellow	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes	, cyclics, <2% aromatics (64742-48-9)
Persistence and degradability	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aro	matics
Persistence and degradability	
Xylene (1330-20-7)	
Persistence and degradability	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	> 2.56 – < 2.91 g O ₂ /g substance
Hexane (110-54-3)	
Persistence and degradability	
Toluene (108-88-3)	
Persistence and degradability	
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)	
Persistence and degradability	
Naphta (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742	-49-0)
Persistence and degradability	
Ttanium dioxide PW6 (13463-67-7)	
Persistence and degradability	
The state of the s	1

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C.I. pigment yellow 035 (8048-07-5) Persistence and degradability C.I. Pigment orange 20 (12656-57-4) Persistence and degradability		
C.I. pigment red 108 (58339-34-7)		
Persistence and degradability		
Butanone oxime (96-29-7)		
Persistence and degradability		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Dura - QD Enamel - Golden Yellow		
Bioaccumulative potential No addi	itional information available	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) > 1.99 -	- < 6.73 @ 20 °C and pH 7; Source:Echa	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) > 3.155	- < 3.16 XYLENE @ 20 °C : ECHA	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) > 3.12 -	- < 3.2 XYLENE @ 20 °C and pH 7: ECHA	
Hexane (110-54-3)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) ≈ 4 20 °	°C and pH 7 - Source: ECHA	
Toluene (108-88-3)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) 2.73 So	ource: HSDB	
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH) ≈ 167 I/	kg ww Source : ECHA	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) ≈ 3.44 (@ 20 °C Source : ECHA	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) ≈ 3.44 (@ 25 °C and pH 7 Source : ECHA	
Butanone oxime (96-29-7)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) ≈ 0.63 (@ 25 °C; Source: Echa	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) ≈ 0.63 S	Source: Echa	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Dura - QD Enamel - Golden Yellow		
Mobility in soil No addi	itional information available	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc) ≈ 537 X	YLENE: @ 20 °C : ECHA	
Hexane (110-54-3)		
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc) ≈ 2187.	76 @ 20 °C - Source : ECHA	
Butanone oxime (96-29-7)		
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc) ≈ 3.52 a	at 20°C; Source: Echa	

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12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified

Other adverse effects : No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Regional waste regulation : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Sewage disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations. Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Additional information : Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with SANS / IMDG / IATA

SANS	IMDG	IATA	
14.1. UN number			
1294	1294	1294	
14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name			
TOLUENE	TOLUENE	Toluene	
Transport document description			
Not applicable	UN 1294 TOLUENE, 3, II, MARINE POLLUTANT/ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS (7°C c.c.)	UN 1294 Toluene, 3, II, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)			
3	3	3	
3	3	3	
14.4. Packing group, if applicable			
II	II	II	
14.5. Environmental hazards			
Dangerous for the environment : Yes	Dangerous for the environment : Yes Marine pollutant : Yes	Dangerous for the environment : Yes	
No supplementary information available	1		

14.6. Special precautions for user

SANS

Limited quantities (SANS) : 1 L
Limited quantities (SANS) : 1 L

Packagings, large packagings and IBCs Packing : P001, IBC02

instructions (SANS)

Portable tank and bulk containers instructions : T4

(SANS)

Portable tank and bulk container special provisions : TP

(SANS)

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IMDG

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 1 L

Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E2

Packing instructions (IMDG) : P001

IBC packing instructions (IMDG) : IBC02

Tank instructions (IMDG) : T4

Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP1

EmS-No. (Fire) : F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-D - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Delta - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Stowage category (IMDG) : B Flash point (IMDG) : 7°C c.c.

Properties and observations (IMDG) : Colourless liquid with a benzene-like odour. Flashpoint: 7°C c.c. Explosive limits: 1.27% to

7%. Immiscible with water.

IATA

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E2 : Y341 PCA Limited quantities (IATA) PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 1L PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 353 PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 5L CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 364 CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 60L ERG code (IATA) : 3L

14.7. Transport in bulk according to IMO instructions

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. National regulations

15.1.1. OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT, 1993

Prohibited Hazardous Chemical Agents

Not regulated

15.2. Safety, health, and environmental national regulations specific for the product

Regulatory reference : Complies with the South African legal lead limit of 90ppm or less.

SECTION 16: Other information

 Issue date
 : 18/03/2025

 Revision date
 : 26/03/2025

 Supersedes
 : 18/03/2025

Full text of H-statements:	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H331	Toxic if inhaled

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Full text of H-statements:		
H332	Harmful if inhaled	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	
H340	May cause genetic defects	
H350	May cause cancer	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer	
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child	
H370	Causes damage to organs	
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life	
H401	Toxic to aquatic life	
H402	Harmful to aquatic life	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects	

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), South Africa (HCA)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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