

Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents, 2021 and United Nations GHS revision 9 Issue date: 1/16/2023 Revision date: 7/8/2024 Supersedes: 8/2/2023 Version: 2.1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier/undertaking

1.1. GHS product identifier

Product form	: Mixture
Trade name	: Dura - Roadmarking LF - White - Solvent Based
Type of product	: Coatings
Product code	: RMWHSLV
Product group	: Trade product

1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

No additional information available

1.4. Supplier's details

Manufacturer

Dura Paints (Pty) Ltd. 5 Wakefield Road; Founders View South. P.O. Box 303 1610 Edenvale; Johannesburg – South Africa T 011 452 5221 Contact: Lizel Rosemann

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number

: 079 494 2731 / 011 452 5221

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. GHS classification of the substance/mixture and any national or regional information

Classification according to the United Nations GHS

Flammable liquids, Category 2	H225
Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4	H332
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	H315
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A	H319
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317
Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B	
Carcinogenicity, Category 1A	H350
Reproductive toxicity, Category 2	H361
Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2	H373
Aspiration hazard, Category 1	
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Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard Not classified

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Not classified

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

: Highly flammable liquid and vapour,May cause cancer,May cause genetic defects,Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child,May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure,Harmful if inhaled,Causes skin irritation,May cause an allergic skin reaction,Causes serious eye irritation,May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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2.2. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Labelling according to the United Nations GHS Hazard pictograms (GHS ZA) Signal word (GHS-ZA) · Danger Hazardous ingredients ÷ Ethylbenzene; N-hexane; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.; benzene; Toluene; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; (Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids; Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine; Calcium carbonate; Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime Hazard statements (GHS ZA) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H315 - Causes skin irritation H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H332 - Harmful if inhaled H340 - May cause genetic defects (Inhalation, Oral, Dermal) H350 - May cause cancer (Inhalation, Oral, Dermal) H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility, Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Dermal, Inhalation Oral) H373 - May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation, Dermal, Oral) Precautionary statements (GHS ZA) P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smokina P233 - Keep container tightly closed. P261 - Avoid breathing mist, vapours, spray, dust. P263 - Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing. P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves. P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention P501 - Dispose of container to Recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. P-statements for label (GHS-ZA) P102 - Keep out of reach of children.; P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions.; P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.; P233 - Keep container tightly closed.; P261 - Avoid breathing mist, vapours, spray, dust.; P263 - Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.; P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.; P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.; P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water; P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.; P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention; P501 - Dispose of container to Recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification or are not covered by the GHS

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

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3.2. Mixture			
Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to the United Nations GHS
Calcium carbonate	CAS-No.: 471-34-1	14.25 – 24.7	Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT RE Not classified
Xylene	CAS-No.: 1330-20-7	2.85 – 15.306	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. Not classified (Inhalation:dust,mist) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT RE Not classified Aquatic Chronic Not classified
Toluene	CAS-No.: 108-88-3	1.5 – 15	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	CAS-No.: 64742-89-8	1.5 – 10.5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Titanium Dioxide PW6	CAS-No.: 13463-67-7	5 – 10	Acute Tox. Not classified (Inhalation:dust,mist) Carc. 2, H351
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	-	1.5 – 4.2	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	CAS-No.: 64742-48-9	1.5 – 3.6	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
N-hexane	CAS-No.: 110-54-3	0.15 – 2.4	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Ethylbenzene	CAS-No.: 100-41-4	0.7 – 2.1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
benzene	CAS-No.: 71-43-2	0.015 – 0.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1A, H350 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

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Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to the United Nations GHS
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	CAS-No.: 64742-95-6	0.03 – 0.25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	CAS-No.: 147900-93-4	0.03 – 0.25	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	CAS-No.: 96-29-7	0.0995 – 0.199	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids	CAS-No.: 85711-55-3	0.02 – 0.125	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 2, H373

SECTION 4: First aid measures 4.1. Description of necessary first aid measures First-aid measures general : Call a physician immediately. First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell. First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately. 4.2. Most important symptoms/effect, acute and delayed Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Although no appropriate human or animal health effects data are known to exist, this material is expected to be an inhalation hazard. Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation. : Risk of lung oedema. Symptoms/effects after ingestion

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measure	ires
5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extin	guishing media
Suitable extinguishing media	: Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

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Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.	
5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chem	nical	
Fire hazard Explosion hazard Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. No direct explosion hazard. Toxic fumes may be released. 	
5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters		
Firefighting instructions	: Fight fire from safe distance and protected location. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.	
Protection during firefighting	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures		
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
General measures	: Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.	
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel		
Protective equipment	: Wear recommended personal protective equipment.	
Emergency procedures	 No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. 	
6.1.2. For emergency responders		
Protective equipment	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".	
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.	
6.2. Environmental precautions		

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		
For containment	: Absorb spilled material with sand or earth. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Stop leak without risks if possible.	
Methods for cleaning up	: Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.	
Other information	: Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.	

SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Limit quantities of product at the minimum necessary for handling and limit the number of exposed workers. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Hygiene measures	: Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

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Additional hazards when processed	: Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, inclu	ding any incompatibilities

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Technical measures	: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.	
Storage conditions	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.	
Packaging materials	: Store always product in container of same material as original container.	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Xylene (1330-20-7)		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Restricted Limits)		
Local name	Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers	
OEL eight hour TWA	300 ppm	
RHCA - STEL/C	200 ppm	
Remark	SKIN (danger of cutaneous absorption)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airb	orne Pollutants)	
Local name	Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers	
OEL TWA	218 mg/m ³	
	50 ppm	
OEL STEL	435 mg/m ³	
	100 ppm	
Remark	Sk (Danger of cutaneous absorption)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	
South Africa - Biological limit values		
Local name	Xylenes	
BEI	1.5 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021	
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Restricted Limits)		
Local name	Ethyl benzene	
RHCA - STEL/C	40 ppm	
Remark	CARC (denotes carcinogenicity, which is based on GHS categorisation, including category 1A, 1B), SKIN (danger of cutaneous absorption)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airborne Pollutants)		
Local name	Ethyl benzene	
OEL TWA	435 mg/m ³	
	100 ppm	
OEL STEL	545 mg/m ³	
	125 ppm	

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Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	
South Africa - Biological limit values		
Local name	Ethyl benzene	
BEI	0.15 g/g creatinine Parameter: Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: Ns (non-specific)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021	
N-hexane (110-54-3)		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Rest	ricted Limits)	
Local name	n-Hexane	
RHCA - STEL/C	100 ppm	
Remark	SKIN (danger of cutaneous absorption)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airbo	orne Pollutants)	
Local name	n-Hexane	
OEL TWA	70 mg/m³	
	20 ppm	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	
South Africa - Biological limit values		
Local name	n-Hexane	
BEI	0.4 mg/l Parameter: 2,5-Hexanedione - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift at end of workweek	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021	
benzene (71-43-2)		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airbo	orne Pollutants)	
Local name	Benzene	
OEL TWA	3 mg/m ³	
	1 ppm	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	
Toluene (108-88-3)		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Rest	ricted Limits)	
Local name	Toluene	
OEL eight hour TWA	150 ppm	
	560 mg/m³	
RHCA - STEL/C	40 ppm 50 ppm	
	188 mg/m³	
Remark	SKIN (danger of cutaneous absorption) Sk	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021 Government Notice. R: 1179	

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Toluene (108-88-3)		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (A	irborne Pollutants)	
Local name	Toluene	
OEL TWA	188 mg/m³	
	50 ppm	
OEL STEL	560 mg/m ³	
	150 ppm	
Remark	Sk (Danger of cutaneous absorption)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	
South Africa - Biological limit values		
Local name	Toluene	
BEI	 0.02 mg/l Parameter: Toluene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: Prior to last shift of workweek 0.03 mg/l Parameter: Toluene - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift 0.3 mg/g creatinine Parameter: o-Cresol - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: B (background) 	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021	
Titanium Dioxide PW6 (13463-67-7)		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (R	estricted Limits)	
Local name	Titanium dioxide	
RHCA - STEL/C	10 mg/m³ 10 mg/m³ total inhalable dust 5 mg/m³ respirable dust	
Remark	CARC (denotes carcinogenicity, which is based on GHS categorisation, including category 1A, 1B)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021 Government Notice. R: 1179	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (A	irborne Pollutants)	
Local name	Titanium dioxide	
OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ inhalable particulate 5 mg/m³ respirable particulate	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	
8.2. Appropriate engineering controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	: Ensure good ventilation of the work station.	
Environmental exposure controls	: Avoid release to the environment.	
8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment		
Hand protection Eye protection Skin and body protection Respiratory protection Personal protective equipment symbol(s)	 Protective gloves Safety glasses Wear suitable protective clothing [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection. 	

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8.4. Exposure limit values for the other components

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

No additional information available

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properti Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: No data available
Colour	: No data available
Odour	: No data available
Odour threshold	: ≤ ppm
pH	: No data available
pH solution	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: Not applicable
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Vapour pressure at 50°C	: No data available
Relative vapour density at 20°C	: No data available
Relative density	: > 1.3 - < 1.35
Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture	: No data available
Density	: No data available
Relative gas density	: No data available
Solubility	: Miscible with water.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: ≤ 0.74 mm²/s
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: No data available
Lower explosion limit	: No data available
Upper explosion limit	: No data available
Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: No data available

9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

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10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information 11.1. Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Inhalation:dust,mist: Harmful if inhaled. **Dura - Roadmarking LF - White - Solvent Based** ATE ZA (dust, mist) 3.749 mg/l/4h Xylene (1330-20-7) LD50 oral rat ≈ 3523 mg/kg bodyweight LD50 dermal rabbit 12126 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male, Remarks on results: other: LC50 Inhalation - Rat ≈ 27.124 ma/l Source: ECHA Ethylbenzene (100-41-4) LD50 oral rat ≈ 3500 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (64742-89-8) LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) LC50 Inhalation - Rat ≈ 5.61 mg/l Source: ECHA Toluene (108-88-3) LD50 oral rat 5580 mg/kg Source: ECHA LD50 dermal rabbit > 5000 mg/kg Source: ECHA LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours) > 20 mg/l Source: ECHA Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (64742-95-6) I D50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) (Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3) I D50 oral rat > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method), Guideline: EU Method B.1 tris (Acute Oral Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1100 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: other:, Remarks on results: other: Titanium Dioxide PW6 (13463-67-7) LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist) > 6.82 mg/l Source: ECHA Calcium carbonate (471-34-1) LD50 oral rat > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method), Guideline: EU Method B.1 bis (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Procedure)

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Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation. Respiratory or skin sensitization : May cause ganetic defects (Inhalation, Oral, Dermal). Garnicogenicity : May cause cancer (Inhalation, Oral, Dermal). Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility, Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Dermal, Inhalation, Oral). Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility, Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Dermal, Inhalation, Oral). Storesingle exposure : Not classified N-hexane (110-54-3) : Not classified Storesingle exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Toluene (108-88-3) : Storesingle exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Storesingle exposure Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Store-single exposure Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation, Dermal, Oral). Store-fin	Calcium carbonate (471-34-1)		
Cudate inhibitation toxicity (inhibitation), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1300 (Avate inhibitation toxicity) Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, iscalkanes, vertics, v	LD50 dermal rat		
LD50 dermal rat > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LD50 dermal rabbit 2 3160 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	LC50 Inhalation - Rat	Guideline: EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1300	
LD50 dermal rabbit 2 3160 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% arrwites	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes	, cyclics, <2% aromatics (64742-48-9)	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% arruntes	LD50 dermal rat		
LD50 dermal rat > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicily) LD50 dermal rabbit 2 3160 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicily) Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7) Image (96-29-7) LD50 dermal rabbit > 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicily) Kin corresion/intritation > 2 Gauses skin intritation. Skin corresion/intritation : C Gauses serious eye intritation. Skin corresion/intritation : C Gauses serious eye intritation. Skin corresion/intritation : May cause genetic defect (Inhalation, Oral, Dermal). Carrinogenicity : May cause genetic defect (Inhalation, Oral, Dermal). Carrinogenicity : Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Dermal, Inhalation, Oral). Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Dermal, Inhalation, Oral). StTOT-single exposure : Not classified N-hoxane (110-54-3) Storesingle exposure StOt-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (647+24-56-6) Stort-single exposure StOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. </td <td>LD50 dermal rabbit</td> <td></td>	LD50 dermal rabbit		
Indexide Toxicity) LD60 dermal rabbit 2 3160 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7) 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LD50 dermal rabbit > 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) Skin corresion/inflation : Causes skin inflation. Serious eye damage/initation : Causes skin inflation. Germ cell mulagenicity : May cause genetic defect (Inhalation, Oral, Dermal). Carcinogenicity : May cause genetic defect (Inhalation, Oral, Dermal). Carcinogenicity : Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Dermal, Inhalation, Oral). Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Dermal, Inhalation, Oral). STOT-single exposure : Not classified N-hexane (110-54-3) Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Dermal, Inhalation, Oral). STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Stotent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (6474-29-5) STOT-single exposure STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)	Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aro	matics	
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	Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
	NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	75 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28- Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	

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Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)			
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
N-hexane (110-54-3)			
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (647	42-89-8)		
LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	≈ 1.402 mg/l		
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days)	≈ 1402 mg/l Specimen: Rat - Source: ECHA		
benzene (71-43-2)			
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Toluene (108-88-3)			
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	≈ 1250 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source: ECHA		
LOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days)	≈ 2.261 mg/l Source: ECHA		
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	≈ 625 mg/kg bodyweight/day Rat		
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days)	1.131 – 2.355 mg/l Air, Source: ECHA		
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fa	(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3)		
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	7.1 – 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)		
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4)			
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Calcium carbonate (471-34-1)			
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)		
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days)	≥ 0.212 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study)		
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)			
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: other:		
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	0.09 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)		
NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days)	110 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)		
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Aspiration hazard :	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.		
Dura - Roadmarking LF - White - Solvent Based			
Viscosity, kinematic	≤ 0.74 mm²/s		

Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 12: Ecological information		
12.1. Toxicity		
· ,	The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Not classified.	
(acute) Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term : (chronic)	Not classified.	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia	
LOEC (chronic)	3.16 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'	
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'	
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Menidia menidia	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	5.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)	
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	4.9 mg/l Test organisms (species): Skeletonema costatum	
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	3.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)	
EC50 96h - Algae [2]	7.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Skeletonema costatum	
LOEC (chronic)	1.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'	
NOEC (chronic)	0.96 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (64	742-89-8)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	≈ 4.5 mg/l EL50 value Source: ECHA	
NOEC chronic fish	≈ 2.6 mg/l	
Toluene (108-88-3)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.5 mg/l Source: ECHA	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3.78 mg/l Source: ECHA	
NOEC chronic crustacea	≈ 0.74 mg/l Source: ECHA	
(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fa	tty acids (85711-55-3)	
LOEC (chronic)	4.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'	
Titanium Dioxide PW6 (13463-67-7)		
LOEC (acute)	≈ 160 mg/l Fish, 4 Days; Source: ECHA	
LOEC (chronic)	≈ 5 mg/l Crustacea, 21 Days; Source: ECHA	
NOEC (acute)	0.004 – 0.08 mg/l 28 Dday, fish; Source: Echa	
Calcium carbonate (471-34-1)		
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 14 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% are	omatics	
NOEC (chronic)	0.011 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'	
L		

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Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oryzias latipes	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	≈ 201 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	≈ 11.8 mg/l Test organisms (species): Scenedesmus capricornutum	
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	≈ 6.09 mg/l Test organisms (species): Scenedesmus capricornutum	
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'	
12.2. Persistence and degradability		
Dura - Roadmarking LF - White - Solvent Base	ad a second s	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
Persistence and degradability		
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
Persistence and degradability		
N-hexane (110-54-3)		
Persistence and degradability		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (6474	12-89-8)	
Persistence and degradability		
benzene (71-43-2)		
Persistence and degradability		
Toluene (108-88-3)		
Persistence and degradability		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (6474	42-95-6)	
Persistence and degradability		
(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fat	ty acids (85711-55-3)	
Persistence and degradability		
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with	th oleylamine (147900-93-4)	
Persistence and degradability		
Titanium Dioxide PW6 (13463-67-7)		
Persistence and degradability		
Calcium carbonate (471-34-1)		
Persistence and degradability		
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes	, cyclics, <2% aromatics (64742-48-9)	
Persistence and degradability		
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics		
Persistence and degradability		
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)		
Persistence and degradability		

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According to Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents, 2021 and United Nations GHS revision 9

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Dura - Roadmarking LF - White - Solvent Based		
Bioaccumulative potential	No additional information available	
N-hexane (110-54-3)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	≈ 4 20 °C and pH 7 - Source: ECHA	
benzene (71-43-2)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	≈ 2.13 Temprature: 20°C Source: ECHA	
Toluene (108-88-3)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	2.73 Source: HSDB	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Dura - Roadmarking LF - White - Solvent Based		
Mobility in soil	No additional information available	
12.5. Other adverse effects		
	Not classified No additional information available	

SECTION 13: Disposal Consideration	S
13.1. Disposal methods	
Regional waste regulation	: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Waste treatment methods	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Sewage disposal recommendations	: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Additional information	: Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

n accordance with SANS / IMDG / IATA		
SANS	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1. UN number		
1307	1307	1307
14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name		
XYLENES	XYLENES	Xylenes
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
3	3	3
14.4. Packing group, if applicable		
III	111	111

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SANS	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.5. Environmental hazards		
Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No Marine pollutant : No	Dangerous for the environment : No
No supplementary information available		
14.6. Special precautions for user		
SANS		
Special provisions (SANS)	: 223	
Limited quantities (SANS)	: 5 L	
Limited quantities (SANS)	: 5 L	
Packagings, large packagings and IBCs Packing nstructions (SANS)	: P001, IBC03, LP01	
Portable tank and bulk containers instructions (SANS)	: T2	
Portable tank and bulk container special provisions (SANS)	: TP1	
IMDG		
Special provisions (IMDG)	: 223	
imited quantities (IMDG)	: 5L	
Excepted quantities (IMDG)	: E1	
Packing instructions (IMDG)	: P001, LP01	
BC packing instructions (IMDG)	: IBC03	
Fank instructions (IMDG)	: T2	
Tank special provisions (IMDG)	: TP1	
EmS-No. (Fire)	: F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATE	ER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
EmS-No. (Spillage)	: S-D - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Delta - FLAM	IMABLE LIQUIDS
Stowage category (IMDG)	: A	
Flash point (IMDG)	: 23°C to 30°C c.c.	
Properties and observations (IMDG)	 Colourless liquids. Flashpoint: 23°C to 30°C with water. 	C c.c. Explosive limits: 1.1% to 7%. Immiscib
ΙΑΤΑ		
PCA Excepted quantities (IATA)	: E1	
PCA Limited quantities (IATA)	: Y344	
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA)	: 10L	
PCA packing instructions (IATA)	: 355	
PCA max net quantity (IATA)	: 60L	
CAO packing instructions (IATA)	: 366	
CAO max net quantity (IATA)	: 220L	
Special provisions (IATA)	: A3	
ERG code (IATA)	: 3L	
14.7. Transport in bulk according to IMO ins		

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. National regulations

15.1.1. OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT, 1993

Prohibited Hazardous Chemical Agents

Not regulated

15.2. Safety, health, and environmental national regulations specific for the product

No additional information available

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SECTION 16: Other information		
Revision date :	16/01/2023 08/07/2024 02/08/2023	
Full text of H-statements:		
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour	
H227	Combustible liquid	
H301	Toxic if swallowed	
H302	Harmful if swallowed	
H303	May be harmful if swallowed	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways	
H312	Harmful in contact with skin	
H315	Causes skin irritation	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction	
H318	Causes serious eye damage	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation	
H331	Toxic if inhaled	
H332	Harmful if inhaled	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	
H340	May cause genetic defects	
H350	May cause cancer	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer	
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child	
H370	Causes damage to organs	
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	
H402	Harmful to aquatic life	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life	

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), South Africa (HCA)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.