

Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents, 2021 and United Nations GHS revision 9 Issue date: 7/18/2024 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier/undertaking

1.1. GHS product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Dura - Floorkote LF - Green

Type of product : coatings
Product code : FLOORGR
Product group : Trade product

1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Floor Coating

1.4. Supplier's details

Manufacturer

Dura Paints (Pty) Ltd.

5 Wakefield Road; Founders View South.

P.O. Box 303

1610 Edenvale; Johannesburg - South Africa

T 011 452 5221

Contact: Lizel Rosemann

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : 079 494 2731 / 011 452 5221

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. GHS classification of the substance/mixture and any national or regional information

Classification according to the United Nations GHS

Flammable liquids, Category 3	H226
Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 5	H313
Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4	H332
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	H315
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317
Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B	H340
Carcinogenicity, Category 1B	H350
Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 1	H372
Aspiration hazard, Category 1	H304
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard, Category 3	H402
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 3	H412

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and

environmental effects

: Flammable liquid and vapour,May cause cancer,May cause genetic defects,Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure,Harmful if inhaled,Harmful in contact with skin,Causes skin irritation,May cause an allergic skin reaction,May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways,Harmful to aquatic life,Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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2.2. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Labelling according to the United Nations GHS

Hazard pictograms (GHS ZA)



Signal word (GHS-ZA)

Hazardous ingredients

: Danger

Xylene; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; (Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids; Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime

Hazard statements (GHS ZA)

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H340 - May cause genetic defects (Dermal, Inhalation, Oral)

H350 - May cause cancer (Inhalation)

H372 - Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements (GHS ZA)

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust, mist, spray, vapours.

P263 - Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves. P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P501 - Dispose of container to recycling.

P-statements for label (GHS-ZA)

: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.; P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions.; P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.; P233 - Keep container tightly closed.; P261 - Avoid breathing dust, mist, spray, vapours.; P263 - Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.; P273 - Avoid release to the environment.; P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.; P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water; P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention; P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.; P501 - Dispose of container to

recycling.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification or are not covered by the GHS

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

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3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to the United Nations GHS
Xylene	CAS-No.: 1330-20-7	15.387 – 37.474	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. Not classified (Inhalation:dust,mist) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT RE Not classified Aquatic Chronic Not classified
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	CAS-No.: 64742-88-7	9.25 – 20.8	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. Not classified (Oral) Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Ethylbenzene	CAS-No.: 100-41-4	4.26 – 12.522	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	CAS-No.: 64742-94-5	0.9 – 3	STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Pigment Yellow PY83	CAS-No.: 5567-15-7	0.4 – 2	Acute Tox. Not classified (Oral) STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute Not classified Aquatic Chronic Not classified
Titanium Dioxide PW6	CAS-No.: 13463-67-7	0.3 – 1.8	Acute Tox. Not classified (Inhalation:dust,mist) Carc. 2, H351
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	CAS-No.: 64742-95-6	0.3 – 1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	CAS-No.: 147900-93-4	0.3 – 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids	CAS-No.: 85711-55-3	0.2 – 0.5	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 2, H373

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Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to the United Nations GHS
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	CAS-No.: 96-29-7	0.0995 — 0.199	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Call a physician immediately.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or a

doctor if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If skin

irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse eyes with water as a precaution.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effect, acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Although no appropriate human or animal health effects data are known to exist, this

material is expected to be an inhalation hazard.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : None under normal conditions.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Risk of lung oedema.

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Flammable liquid and vapour.
Explosion hazard : No direct explosion hazard.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Fight fire from safe distance and protected location. Do not enter fire area without proper

protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained

breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Emergency procedures : No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Only qualified personnel equipped with

suitable protective equipment may intervene. Do not breathe

dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information

refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Collect spillage. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry

into sewers or streams. Stop leak without risks if possible.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or

public waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving

equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Limit quantities of product at the minimum necessary for handling and limit the number of exposed workers. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Floors, walls and other

surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Hygiene measures : Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after

handling the product.

Additional hazards when processed : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Packaging materials : Store always product in container of same material as original container.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

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Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)			
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Restricted Limits)			
Local name	Ethyl benzene		
RHCA - STEL/C	40 ppm		
Remark	CARC (denotes carcinogenicity, which is based on GHS categorisation, including category 1A, 1B), SKIN (danger of cutaneous absorption)		
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airbo	orne Pollutants)		
Local name	Ethyl benzene		
OEL TWA	435 mg/m³		
	100 ppm		
OEL STEL	545 mg/m³		
	125 ppm		
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904		
South Africa - Biological limit values			
Local name	Ethyl benzene		
BEI	0.15 g/g creatinine Parameter: Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: Ns (non-specific)		
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021		
Xylene (1330-20-7)			
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Rest	ricted Limits)		
Local name	Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers		
OEL eight hour TWA	300 ppm		
RHCA - STEL/C	200 ppm		
Remark	SKIN (danger of cutaneous absorption)		
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airbo	orne Pollutants)		
Local name	Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers		
OEL TWA	218 mg/m³		
	50 ppm		
OEL STEL	435 mg/m³		
	100 ppm		
Remark	Sk (Danger of cutaneous absorption)		
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904		
South Africa - Biological limit values			
Local name	Xylenes		
BEI	1.5 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift		
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021		
Titanium Dioxide PW6 (13463-67-7)			
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Restr	ricted Limits)		
Local name	Titanium dioxide		

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Titanium Dioxide PW6 (13463-67-7)		
RHCA - STEL/C	10 mg/m³ 10 mg/m³ total inhalable dust 5 mg/m³ respirable dust	
Remark	CARC (denotes carcinogenicity, which is based on GHS categorisation, including category 1A, 1B)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021 Government Notice. R: 1179	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airborne Pollutants)		
Local name	Titanium dioxide	
OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ inhalable particulate 5 mg/m³ respirable particulate	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Hand protection : Protective gloves
Eye protection : Safety glasses

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection : [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

: No data available

Personal protective equipment symbol(s)



Colour





8.4. Exposure limit values for the other components

No additional information available

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Opaque.

Odour : No data available Odour threshold : No data available рΗ : No data available : No data available pH solution : No data available Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : No data available Melting point : Not applicable Freezing point : No data available : No data available Boiling point

Flash point : ≈ 27 °C

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available

Flammability : Flammable liquid and vapour.

Vapour pressure : No data available Vapour pressure at 50°C : No data available Relative vapour density at 20°C : No data available

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Relative density : ≈ 1.1

Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture : No data available : No data available Density Relative gas density No data available Solubility No data available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : No data available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) : No data available Viscosity, kinematic : < 1 mm²/s : > 360 - < 500 cP Viscosity, dynamic : No data available Explosive properties : No data available Oxidising properties : No data available **Explosive limits** : No data available Lower explosion limit Upper explosion limit : No data available Physical state : Liquid Appearance : Opaque.

9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Flammable liquid and vapour.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified

Acute toxicity (dermal) : May be harmful in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Inhalation:dust,mist: Harmful if inhaled.

Dura - Floorkote LF - Green		
ATE ZA (Dermal)	2935.369 mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE ZA (dust, mist)	4.003 mg/l/4h	
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
LD50 oral rat	≈ 3500 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat	

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Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LD50 oral rat	≈ 3523 mg/kg bodyweight
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male, Remarks on results: other:
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	≈ 27.124 mg/l Source: ECHA
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (647	(42-95-6)
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fa	tty acids (85711-55-3)
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method), Guideline: EU Method B.1 tris (Acute Oral Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1100 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: other:, Remarks on results: other:
Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7)	
LD50 oral rat	> 15000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rat	> 3000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LD50 dermal	2
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 0.23 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), Guideline: EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation))
Titanium Dioxide PW6 (13463-67-7)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	> 6.82 mg/l Source: ECHA
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (64742-88-7)
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method), Remarks on results: other:
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	> 5.28 mg/l/4h Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:, 95% CL: 0,42 -
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64	1742-94-5)
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 4.83 mg/l/4h Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)
Skin corrosion/irritation :	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation :	Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitization :	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity : Carcinogenicity :	May cause genetic defects (Dermal, Inhalation, Oral). May cause cancer (Inhalation).
Carolinogeriloty :	iviay cause carroer (irinalation).

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Reproductive toxicity STOT-angle oxposure Not classified STOT-ingle oxposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Methyl Ethyl Kotoximo (96-29-7) STOT-angle oxposure Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. STOT-angle oxposure STOT-ingle oxposure Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. STOT-angle oxposure STOT-angle oxposure Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. STOT-angle oxposure STOT-angle oxposure Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. STOT-repeated exposure STOT-repeated exposure To mykg toxyweight Animat: rat, Guideline. OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through protonged or repeated exposure. Xylene (1330-20-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) To mykg bodyweight Animat: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline. OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 98-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through protonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through protonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through protonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through protonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through protonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through protonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through protonged or repeated exposure. MoAEC (inhalation, rat, dustimist/tume, 90 days) To mykg bodyweight Animat: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (28-Day (Subcoute Inhalation Toxicity 28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through protonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aligh. (64742-94	Reproductive toxicity :	Not classified			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (64742-95-6) STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.	·				
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7) STOT-single exposure Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs. May cause system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). Ethylbenzone (100-41-4) NOAEL (oral, rat. 90 days) ToT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). Ethylbenzone (100-41-4) NOAEL (oral, rat. 90 days) ToT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Xylene (1330-20-7) LOAEL (oral, rat. 90 days) ToT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Xylene (1330-20-7) LOAEL (oral, rat. 90 days) ToT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Xylene (1330-20-7) LOAEL (oral, rat. 90 days) ToT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Test) ToT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Fatty acids, C18-unsatd, trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-83-4) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Fatty acids, C18-unsatd, trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-83-4) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Pigmant Yollow PY83 (5567-15-7) NOAEL (oral, rat. 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium allph. (64742-88-7) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-88-7) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-88-7)					
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7) STOT-single exposure Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. STOT-repeated exposure : Causes damage to organs (entral nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). Ethylbenzene (100-41-4) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 75 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Xylone (1330-20-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 7.1 - 21-9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Eatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 9000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (28-Day (Subacute) Inhalation Toxicity Study, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity, Study, Sudy) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph: (64742-88-7) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) > 0.024 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 22-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom (64742-88-7) DAGEC (inha					
STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. STOT-repeated exposure : Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (nhalation). Ethylbenzene (100-41-4) NOAEL (cral, rat, 90 days) To mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Xylene (1330-20-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex, male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity) (Z) octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 7.1 – 219 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Ethylogate (Cral, rat, 90 days) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium allph. (64742-88-7) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EU Method B.8 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity, 28-Day Study) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity, 28-Day Study) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity, 28-Day Study) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) SOVENT re		iway cause drowsiness or dizziness. Way cause respiratory irritation.			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) To mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity) Study in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Xyleno (1330-20-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) To mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity) Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity) (Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) To 1-2-19 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Fatty acids, C18-unsatd, trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation, ra					
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 75 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Xylene (1330-20-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity) Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity) and Carlor of the Repeated Dose 10-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity) and Carlor of Carlor oral oral oral results (85711-55-3) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 7.1 - 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 9000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (28-Day (Subsacule) Inhabitation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) 750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (64742-88-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Demail Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-84-5) Dom mg/kg body					
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 75 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline. OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) NoAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity) (C)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 7.1 – 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity) Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 9000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7) NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (potroleum), medium alliph. (64742-88-7) NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female Solvent naphtha (potroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5) SOlvent naphtha (potroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5) SOlvent naphtha (potroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5) Dormal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure Solvent naphtha (potroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5) Dormal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (potroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5) Dormal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to or	STOT-repeated exposure :				
Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Xylene (1330-20-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Ropeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity) (Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 7.1 – 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/tume, 90 days) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium alliph. (64742-88-7) NOAEC (oral, rat, 90 days) 750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), nedium alliph. (64742-88-7) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 50 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-84-5) LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 4.71 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 235 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:	Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)				
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity) Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity) Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity) Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity) Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity) Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity) Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 7.1 - 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 9000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: other: NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) 9000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (28-Day (Subacute) Inhalation Toxicity Study, Guideline: EU Method B.8 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium alliph. (64742-88-7) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5) Borgka bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 2355 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prol	NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)				
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity) (Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 7.1 – 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 9000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: other: > 0.03 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (28-Day (Subacute) Inhalation Toxicity Study, Guideline: EU Method B.8 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium allph. (64742-88-7) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5) LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 50 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 4.71 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 30 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 31 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29	STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.			
(Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity) (Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 7.1 – 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4) STOT-repeated exposure Nay cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. 9000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (28-Day (Subacute) Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (64742-88-7) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5) LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 50 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study) LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 4.71 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 2355 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 3255 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study)	Xylene (1330-20-7)				
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 7.1 – 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (64742-88-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5) LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days) SO mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/22-Day Study) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 4.71 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 2355 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)	LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	(Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-			
Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 9000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: other: NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) (Subacute) Inhalation Toxicity Study, Guideline: EU Method B.8 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (64742-88-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 20.024 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5) LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days) 50 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study) LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 50 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 2355 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study) STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)	(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fa	tty acids (85711-55-3)			
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Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents, 2021 and United Nations GHS revision 9

Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)	
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	0.09 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)
NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days) 110 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard :	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Dura - Floorkote LF - Green	
Viscosity, kinematic	< 1 mm²/s

SECTION 12: Ecological information

	. 1			

Ecology - general

(chronic)

: Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term

: Harmful to aquatic life.

(acute)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term

: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

,	
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Menidia menidia
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	5.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	4.9 mg/l Test organisms (species): Skeletonema costatum
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	3.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
EC50 96h - Algae [2]	7.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Skeletonema costatum
LOEC (chronic)	1.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0.96 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'
Xylene (1330-20-7)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia
LOEC (chronic)	3.16 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'
(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of t	tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3)
LOEC (chronic)	4.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 1000 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Raphidocelis subcapitata (previous names: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
Titanium Dioxide PW6 (13463-67-7)	
LOEC (acute)	≈ 160 mg/l Fish, 4 Days; Source: ECHA
LOEC (chronic)	≈ 5 mg/l Crustacea, 21 Days; Source: ECHA

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Titanium Dioxide PW6 (13463-67-7)		
NOEC (acute)	0.004 – 0.08 mg/l 28 Dday, fish; Source: Echa	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64	742-94-5)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1.2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna	
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oryzias latipes	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	≈ 201 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	≈ 11.8 mg/l Test organisms (species): Scenedesmus capricornutum	
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	≈ 6.09 mg/l Test organisms (species): Scenedesmus capricornutum	
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'	
12.2. Persistence and degradability		
Dura - Floorkote LF - Green		
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable	
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
Persistence and degradability		
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
Persistence and degradability		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (647)	42-95-6)	
Persistence and degradability		
(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fat	ty acids (85711-55-3)	
Persistence and degradability		
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with	th oleylamine (147900-93-4)	
Persistence and degradability		
Pigment Yellow PY83 (5567-15-7)		
Persistence and degradability		
Titanium Dioxide PW6 (13463-67-7)		
Persistence and degradability		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (64742-88-7)		
Persistence and degradability		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64	742-94-5)	
Persistence and degradability		
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)		
Persistence and degradability		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Dura - Floorkote LF - Green		
Bioaccumulative potential	No additional information available	

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12.4. Mobility in soil

Dura - Floorkote LF - Green	
Mobility in soil	No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

: Not classified

Other adverse effects No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Regional waste regulation Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions. Waste treatment methods

Disposal must be done according to official regulations. Sewage disposal recommendations Product/Packaging disposal recommendations Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Additional information Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with SANS / IMDG / IATA

SANS	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number		
1263	1263	1263
14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name		
PAINT	PAINT	Paint
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
3	3	3
3	3	3
14.4. Packing group, if applicable		
III	III	III
14.5. Environmental hazards		
Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No Marine pollutant : No	Dangerous for the environment : No
No supplementary information available		

14.6. Special precautions for user

SANS

Special provisions (SANS) : 163, 187, 223

Limited quantities (SANS) : 5 L Limited quantities (SANS) : 5 L

: P001, IBC03, LP01 Packagings, large packagings and IBCs Packing

instructions (SANS)

Packagings, large packagings and IBCs Special

packing instructions (SANS)

: PP1

Portable tank and bulk containers instructions

: T2

(SANS)

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Portable tank and bulk container special provisions : TP1, TP29

(SANS)

IMDG

Special provisions (IMDG) : 163, 223, 367, 955

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 5 L Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E1 Packing instructions (IMDG) : P001, LP01 Special packing provisions (IMDG) : PP1 IBC packing instructions (IMDG) : IBC03 Tank instructions (IMDG) : T2 Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP1, TP29

EmS-No. (Fire) : F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS : S-E - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Echo - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, FLOATING ON WATER EmS-No. (Spillage)

Stowage category (IMDG) : A

Properties and observations (IMDG) : Miscibility with water depends upon the composition.

IATA

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E1 PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y344 PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 10L PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 355 : 60L PCA max net quantity (IATA) CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 366 CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 220L Special provisions (IATA)

: A3, A72, A192

ERG code (IATA)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to IMO instructions

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. National regulations

15.1.1. OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT, 1993

Prohibited Hazardous Chemical Agents

Not regulated

15.2. Safety, health, and environmental national regulations specific for the product

No additional information available

SECTION 16: Other information

: 18/07/2024 Issue date

Full text of H-statements:	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H227	Combustible liquid
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin

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Full text of H-statements:		
H313	May be harmful in contact with skin	
H315	Causes skin irritation	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction	
H318	Causes serious eye damage	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation	
H331	Toxic if inhaled	
H332	Harmful if inhaled	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	
H340	May cause genetic defects	
H350	May cause cancer	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer	
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child	
H370	Causes damage to organs	
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life	
H402	Harmful to aquatic life	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects	

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), South Africa (HCA)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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