

## Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents, 2021 and United Nations GHS revision 8 Issue date: 2/16/2023 Version: 1.0

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier/undertaking

#### 1.1. GHS product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Dura - Anchorbond Clear

Type of product : Coatings

Product code : ANCHORBOND

Product group : Trade product

#### 1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended uses and restrictions : Light industrial coating applications

#### 1.4. Supplier's details

#### Manufacturer

Dura Paints (Pty) Ltd.

5 Wakefield Road; Founders View South.

P.O. Box 303

1610 Edenvale; Johannesburg - South Africa

T 011 452 5221

Contact: Lizel Rosemann

#### 1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : 079 494 2731 / 011 452 5221

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

#### 2.1. GHS classification of the substance/mixture and any national or regional information

#### **Classification according to the United Nations GHS**

Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2  Skin sensitisation, Category 1  Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B  Carcinogenicity, Category 1A  Reproductive toxicity, Category 2  Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis  Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2  Aspiration hazard, Category 1  H304  H315  H326  H337  H337  H338	Flammable liquids, Category 2	H225
Skin sensitisation, Category 1  Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B  Carcinogenicity, Category 1A  Reproductive toxicity, Category 2  Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis  Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2  Aspiration hazard, Category 1  H30	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4	H332
Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B H340 Carcinogenicity, Category 1A H350 Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 H360 Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2 H370 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H300	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	H315
Carcinogenicity, Category 1A H350 Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 H360 Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2 H370 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H300	Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317
Reproductive toxicity, Category 2  Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis  Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2  H373  Aspiration hazard, Category 1	Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B	H340
Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis  Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2  H370  Aspiration hazard, Category 1	Carcinogenicity, Category 1A	H350
Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2  Aspiration hazard, Category 1  H373	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2	H361
Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H304	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis	H336
	Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2	H373
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 3 H412	Aspiration hazard, Category 1	H304
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 3	H412

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and

environmental effects

: Highly flammable liquid and vapour, May cause cancer, May cause genetic defects, Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child, May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure, May cause drowsiness or dizziness, Harmful if inhaled, Causes skin irritation, May cause an allergic skin reaction, May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways, Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Hazard statements (GHS ZA)

According to Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents, 2021 and United Nations GHS revision 8

#### 2.2. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

#### **Labelling according to the United Nations GHS**

Hazard pictograms (GHS ZA)



Signal word (GHS-ZA) : Danger

Hazardous ingredients : Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; (Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty

acids; Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine; hexane; Solvent naphtha

(petroleum), light aliph.; benzene; Toluene : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H340 - May cause genetic defects (Dermal, Inhalation)

H350 - May cause cancer (Dermal, Inhalation)

H361 - Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Dermal, Inhalation)

H373 - May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, Skin) through prolonged or

repeated exposure (Dermal, Inhalation)

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements (GHS ZA) : P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions.

P261 - Avoid breathing mist, spray.

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

P501 - Dispose of container to Recycling.

#### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification or are not covered by the GHS

No additional information available

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to the United Nations GHS
Xylene	CAS-No.: 1330-20-7	12 – 33.019	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. Not classified (Inhalation:dust,mist) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT RE Not classified Aquatic Chronic Not classified
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	CAS-No.: 64742-89-8	15.75 – 29.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

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Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to the United Nations GHS
Toluene	CAS-No.: 108-88-3	9 – 28	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	-	7.5 – 13.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	CAS-No.: 64742-48-9	7.5 – 11.4	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
hexane	CAS-No.: 110-54-3	2.55 – 5.9	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
benzene	CAS-No.: 71-43-2	0.03 – 0.4	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1A, H350 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	CAS-No.: 64742-95-6	0.06 – 0.25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	CAS-No.: 147900-93-4	0.06 – 0.25	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids	CAS-No.: 85711-55-3	0.04 – 0.125	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 2, H373

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of necessary first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Call a physician immediately.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or a

doctor if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If skin

irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse eyes with water as a precaution.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms/effect, acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Risk of lung oedema.

#### 4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

#### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

#### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained

breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Only qualified personnel equipped with

suitable protective equipment may intervene. Do not breathe

dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information

refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or

public waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Limit quantities of product at the minimum necessary for handling and limit the number of exposed workers. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

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Hygiene measures

: Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Xylene (1330-20-7)		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Restricted Limits)		
Local name	Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers	
OEL eight hour TWA [ppm]	300 ppm	
RHCA - STEL/C [ppm]	200 ppm	
Remark	SKIN (danger of cutaneous absorption)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airbo	orne Pollutants)	
Local name	Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers	
OEL TWA	218 mg/m³	
OEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm	
OEL STEL	435 mg/m³	
OEL STEL [ppm]	100 ppm	
Remark	Sk (Danger of cutaneous absorption)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	
South Africa - Biological limit values		
Local name	Xylenes	
BEI	1.5 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021	
hexane (110-54-3)		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Restr	ricted Limits)	
Local name	n-Hexane	
RHCA - STEL/C [ppm]	100 ppm	
Remark	SKIN (danger of cutaneous absorption)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airborne Pollutants)		
Local name	n-Hexane	
OEL TWA	70 mg/m³	
OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	
	1	

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hexane (110-54-3)		
South Africa - Biological limit values		
Local name	n-Hexane	
BEI	0.4 mg/l Parameter: 2,5-Hexanedione - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift at end of workweek	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021	
benzene (71-43-2)		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airbo	rne Pollutants)	
Local name	Benzene	
OEL TWA	3 mg/m³	
OEL TWA [ppm]	1 ppm	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	
Toluene (108-88-3)		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Restr	icted Limits)	
Local name	Toluene	
OEL eight hour TWA [ppm]	150 ppm	
OEL eight hour TWA	560 mg/m³	
RHCA - STEL/C [ppm]	40 ppm 50 ppm	
RHCA - STEL/C	188 mg/m³	
Remark	SKIN (danger of cutaneous absorption) Sk	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021 Government Notice. R: 1179	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airbo	rne Pollutants)	
Local name	Toluene	
OEL TWA	188 mg/m³	
OEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm	
OEL STEL	560 mg/m³	
OEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm	
Remark	Sk (Danger of cutaneous absorption)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	
South Africa - Biological limit values		
Local name	Toluene	
BEI	0.02 mg/l Parameter: Toluene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: Prior to last shift of workweek 0.03 mg/l Parameter: Toluene - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift 0.3 mg/g creatinine Parameter: o-Cresol - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: B (background)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021	

# 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

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#### 8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Hand protection : Protective gloves Eye protection Safety glasses

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection : [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s)







#### 8.4. Exposure limit values for the other components

No additional information available

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Appearance Viscous liquid.

Colour Colourless to yellow liquid.

Odour Pungent.

Odour threshold No data available рΗ : No data available : No data available pH solution Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : No data available Melting point : Not applicable Freezing point : No data available

: > 35 °C Boiling point : < 23 °C Flash point

: No data available Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature

Flammability : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

: No data available Vapour pressure Vapour pressure at 50°C : No data available Relative vapour density at 20°C : No data available Relative density : No data available No data available Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture Density No data available Relative gas density No data available Solubility No data available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) No data available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) : No data available Viscosity, kinematic  $\cdot$  < 7.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s Viscosity, dynamic : No data available Explosive properties : No data available Oxidising properties No data available **Explosive limits** · No data available Lower explosion limit : No data available

Upper explosion limit Physical state Liquid Appearance : Viscous liquid.

## 9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

No data available

No additional information available

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### **SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

## 10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Harmful if inhaled.

Dura - Anchorbond Clear		
ATE ZA (dust, mist)	4.543 mg/l/4h	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes	, cyclics, <2% aromatics (64742-48-9)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	≥ 3160 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% around	matics	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	≥ 3160 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
LD50 oral rat	≈ 3523 mg/kg bodyweight	
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male, Remarks on results: other:	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	≈ 27.124 mg/l Source: ECHA	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (64742-95-6)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	

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Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (64742-88-6)   Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (64742-88-6)   LD50 oral rat	(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3)		
LD50 oral rat    S000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxiciby)	LD50 oral rat	423 (Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method), Guideline: EU Method B.1 tris (Acute Oral Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1100	
Toxicity	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (647	(42-89-8)	
Toluene (108-88-3)  LD50 oral rat  5580 mg/kg Source: ECHA  LD50 dermal rabbit  > 20 mg/kg Source: ECHA    Causes skin irritation   Causes skin irritation   Not classified   Respiratory or skin sensitisation   May cause an allergic skin reaction.    Semicolar skin sensitisation   May cause an allergic skin reaction.   Semicolar skin sensitisation   May cause genetic defects (Dermal, Inhalation).   Carcinogenicity   May cause genetic defects (Dermal, Inhalation).   Carcinogenicity   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.   Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (64742-95-6)   STOT-single exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.   May cause trowsiness or dizziness.   May cause respiratory irritation.   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.   STOT-single exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.   May cause trowsiness or dizziness.   STOT-single exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.   STOT-single exposure   May cause damage (central nervous system, Skin) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Dermal, Inhalation).   STOT-repeated exposure   May cause damage (pay damage)	LD50 oral rat		
LD50 oral rat  D500 dermal rabbit  > 8000 mg/kg Source: ECHA  > 8000 mg/kg Source: ECHA    Skin corrosion/irritation   20 causes skin irritation.   3 causes skin irritation.   4 causes skin irritation.   5 causes skin irritation.   6 causes cancer (Dermal, Inhalation).   7 causes cancer (Dermal, Inhal	LC50 Inhalation - Rat	≈ 5.61 mg/l Source: ECHA	
LD50 dermal rabbit > 5000 mg/kg Source: ECHA  LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours) > 20 mg/l Source: ECHA  Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.  Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified  Respiratory or skin sensitisation : May cause an allergic skin reaction.  Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause denetic defects (Dermal, Inhalation).  Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer (Dermal, Inhalation).  Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer (Dermal, Inhalation).  Carcinogenicity : May cause downsiness or dizziness.  Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (64742-95-6)  STOT-single exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (64742-95-6)  STOT-single exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Toluene (105-8-3)  STOT-single exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Toluene (106-8-8-3)  STOT-repeated exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Toluene (103-0-20-7)  LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)   150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: DECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity) Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)  STOT-repeated exposure   May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Streening Test)  STOT-repeated exposure   May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Streening Test)  STOT-repeated exposure   May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Fatty acids, C18-unsatd, trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4)  STOT-repeated exposure   May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Patty acids, C18-unsatd, trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4)  STOT-repeated exposure   May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	Toluene (108-88-3)		
CS0 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)   > 20 mg/l Source: ECHA	LD50 oral rat	5580 mg/kg Source: ECHA	
Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.  Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified : Not classified : Not classified : Not classified : May cause an allergic skin reaction.  Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause cancer (Dermal, Inhalation).  Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer (Dermal, Inhalation).  STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (647-42-95-6)  STOT-single exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-single exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Toluen (108-88-3)  STOT-single exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Toluen (108-88-3)  STOT-repeated exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Toluen (108-88-3)  STOT-repeated exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  STOT-repeated exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Toluen (108-88-3)  STOT-repeated exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  STOT-repeated exposure   May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, Skin) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Dermal, Inhalation).  Xylene (1330-20-7)  LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)   150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity) Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)  STOT-repeated exposure   May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4)  STOT-repeated exposure   May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Notation (10-54-3)  STOT-repeated exposure   May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg Source: ECHA	
Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified Respiratory or skin sensitisation : May cause an allergic skin reaction. Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects (Dermal, Inhalation). Garcinogenicity : May cause cancer (Dermal, Inhalation). Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Dermal, Inhalation). STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (64742-95-6) STOT-single exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  May cause respiratory irritation.  **Not cause (110-54-3) STOT-single exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  **Toluene (108-88-3) STOT-single exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  **Toluene (108-88-3) STOT-repeated exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  **Toluene (108-88-3) STOT-repeated exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  **STOT-repeated exposure   May cause drowsi	LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	> 20 mg/l Source: ECHA	
Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects (Dermal, Inhalation). Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer (Dermal, Inhalation). Sapected of damaging the unbown child. (Dermal, Inhalation). STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (64742-95-6) STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.  hexane (110-54-3) STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Toluene (108-88-3) STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Toluene (108-88-3) STOT-repeated exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  TOLI-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  STOT-repeated exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  TOLI-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Xylene (1330-20-7)  LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)  (Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3)  NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 7.1 – 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)  STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4)  STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  DAEC (inhal	Serious eye damage/irritation :	Not classified	
Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer (Dermal, Inhalation).  Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging the unborn child (Dermal, Inhalation).  STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (64742-95-6)  STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Toluene (108-88-3)  STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  STOT-repeated exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  STOT-repeated exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  STOT-repeated exposure : May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, Skin) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Dermal, Inhalation).  Xylene (1330-20-7)  LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) : 150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity) Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity) Study in Rodents), Guideline: CECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity) Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)  STOT-repeated exposure : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4)  STOT-repeated exposure : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-repeated exposure : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-repeated exposure : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  DAY Cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  **Example Completion of Developmental Toxicity Study with the Reproduction of Propeated exposure.  **Devant Completion of Propeated exposure organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  **Devant Completion of Propeated exposure organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  **Devant Completion of Propeated exposure organs t			
Reproductive foxicity : Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Dermal, Inhalation).  STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  STOT-single exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-single exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Toluene (108-88-3)  STOT-single exposure   May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  STOT-repeated exposure   Stote or			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (64742-95-6)  STOT-single exposure  May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-single exposure  May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-single exposure  May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Toluene (108-88-3)  STOT-single exposure  May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, Skin) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Dermal, Inhalation).  Xylene (1330-20-7)  LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)  (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: DECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity)  (Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3)  NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)  7.1 – 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.			
STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Toluene (108-88-3)  STOT-single exposure May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, Skin) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Dermal, Inhalation).  Xylene (1330-20-7)  LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)  (Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3)  NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 7.1 - 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)  STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4)  STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (64742-89-8)  LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) = 1.402 mg/l	STOT-single exposure :		
hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Toluene (108-88-3)  STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  STOT-repeated exposure : May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, Skin) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Dermal, Inhalation).  Xylene (1330-20-7)  LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (64)	742-95-6)	
Toluene (108-88-3) STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  STOT-single exposure : May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, Skin) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Dermal, Inhalation).  Xylene (1330-20-7) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Toluene (108-88-3)  STOT-single exposure	hexane (110-54-3)		
STOT-repeated exposure    May cause drowsiness or dizziness.   STOT-repeated exposure   Stot-rep	STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
STOT-repeated exposure  : May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, Skin) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Dermal, Inhalation).  Xylene (1330-20-7)  LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)    150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)  (Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3)  NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)    7.1 - 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)  STOT-repeated exposure    May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.    Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4)  STOT-repeated exposure    May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.    hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-repeated exposure    May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.    Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (64742-89-8)  LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)    ≈ 1.402 mg/l	Toluene (108-88-3)		
exposure (Dermal, Inhalation).  Xylene (1330-20-7)  LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)  150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)  (Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3)  NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)  7.1 – 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (64742-89-8)  LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)  ≈ 1.402 mg/l	STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)    150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)    (Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3)   NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)   7.1 - 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)   STOT-repeated exposure   May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	STOT-repeated exposure :		
(Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)  (Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3)  NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)  7.1 – 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (64742-89-8)  LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)  ≈ 1.402 mg/l	Xylene (1330-20-7)		
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)  7.1 – 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (64742-89-8)  LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)  ≈ 1.402 mg/l	LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	(Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-	
Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (64742-89-8)  LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)  ≈ 1.402 mg/l	(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fa	tty acids (85711-55-3)	
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4)  STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (64742-89-8)  LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) ≈ 1.402 mg/l	NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening	
STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  hexane (110-54-3)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (64742-89-8)  LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)  ≈ 1.402 mg/l	STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
hexane (110-54-3)         STOT-repeated exposure       May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.         Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (64742-89-8)         LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)       ≈ 1.402 mg/l	Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. w	ith oleylamine (147900-93-4)	
STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (64742-89-8)  LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)  ≈ 1.402 mg/l	STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (64742-89-8)  LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) ≈ 1.402 mg/l	hexane (110-54-3)		
LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) ≈ 1.402 mg/l	STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (647	(42-89-8)	
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days) ≈ 1402 mg/l Specimen: Rat - Source: ECHA	LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	≈ 1.402 mg/l	
	NOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days)	≈ 1402 mg/l Specimen: Rat - Source: ECHA	

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benzene (71-43-2)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Toluene (108-88-3)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	≈ 1250 mg/kg bodyweight/day Source: ECHA
LOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days)	≈ 2.261 mg/l Source: ECHA
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	≈ 625 mg/kg bodyweight/day Rat
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days)	1.131 – 2.355 mg/l Air, Source: ECHA
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Dura - Anchorbond Clear	
Viscosity, kinematic	< 7.5 mm²/s

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term : Not classified

(acute)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

(chronic)

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics			
NOEC (chronic)	0.011 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'		
Xylene (1330-20-7)			
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia		
LOEC (chronic)	3.16 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'		
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'		
(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3)			
LOEC (chronic)	4.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (6474	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (64742-89-8)		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	≈ 4.5 mg/l EL50 value Source: ECHA		
NOEC chronic fish	≈ 2.6 mg/l		
Toluene (108-88-3)			
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.5 mg/l Source: ECHA		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3.78 mg/l Source: ECHA		
NOEC chronic crustacea	≈ 0.74 mg/l Source: ECHA		

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Dura - Anchorbond Clear	
Persistence and degradability	No additional information available

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## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Dura - Anchorbond Clear		
Bioaccumulative potential	No additional information available	
hexane (110-54-3)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	≈ 4 20 °C and pH 7 - Source: ECHA	
benzene (71-43-2)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	≈ 2.13 Temprature: 20°C Source: ECHA	
Toluene (108-88-3)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	2.73 Source: HSDB	

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

<b>Dura - Anchorbond Clear</b>	
Mobility in soil	No additional information available

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified

Other adverse effects : No additional information available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations**

## 13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Additional information : Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with SANS / IMDG / IATA

SANS	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number		
1307	1307	1307
14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name		
XYLENES	XYLENES	Xylenes
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
3	3	3
3	3	3
14.4. Packing group, if applicable		
III	III	III
14.5. Environmental hazards		
Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No Marine pollutant : No	Dangerous for the environment : No
No supplementary information available	1	

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According to Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents, 2021 and United Nations GHS revision 8

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

**SANS** 

Special provisions (SANS) : 223 Limited quantities (SANS) : 5 L Limited quantities (SANS) : 5 L

Packagings, large packagings and IBCs Packing

instructions (SANS)

: P001, IBC03, LP01

instructions (SANS)

Portable tank and bulk containers instructions : T2

(SANS)

Portable tank and bulk container special provisions : TP1

(SANS)

**IMDG** 

Special provisions (IMDG) : 223
Limited quantities (IMDG) : 5 L

Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E1

Packing instructions (IMDG) : P001, LP01

IBC packing instructions (IMDG) : IBC03

Tank instructions (IMDG) : T2

Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP1

EmS-No. (Fire) : F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-D - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Delta - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Stowage category (IMDG) : A

Flash point (IMDG) : 23°C to 30°C c.c.

Properties and observations (IMDG) : Colourless liquids. Flashpoint: 23°C to 30°C c.c. Explosive limits: 1.1% to 7% Immiscible

with water.

**IATA** 

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E1 PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y344 PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 10L PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 355 PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 60L CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 366 CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 220L Special provisions (IATA) : A3 ERG code (IATA) · 3I

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to IMO instructions

Not applicable

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

No additional information available

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Issue date : 16/02/2023

Full text of H-statements:	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin

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Full text of H-statements:		
H315	Causes skin irritation	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction	
H318	Causes serious eye damage	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation	
H332	Harmful if inhaled	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	
H340	May cause genetic defects	
H350	May cause cancer	
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child	
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life	
H402	Harmful to aquatic life	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life	

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), South Africa (HCA)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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