Wedgewood - Opulent Universal Undercoat

Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents, 2021 and United Nations GHS revision 8
Issue date: 6/13/2023 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier/undertaking

1.1. GHS product identifier

Product form	:	Mixture
Trade name	:	Wedgewood - Opulent Universal Undercoat
Type of product	:	Coatings
Product code	:	OPUUCW
Product group	:	Trade product

1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture	:	General purpose alkyd undercoat.

1.4. Supplier's details

Manufacturer
Dura Paints (Pty) Ltd.
5 Wakefield Road; Founders View South.
P.O. Box 303
1610 Edenvale; Johannesburg – South Africa
T 011 452 5221
Contact: Lizel Rosemann

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number	:	079 494 2731 / 011 452 5221

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. GHS classification of the substance/mixture and any national or regional information

Classification according to the United Nations GHS

Flammable liquids, Category 3	H226
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	H315
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A	H319
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317
Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B	H340
Carcinogenicity, Category 1B	H350
Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 1	H372
Aspiration hazard, Category 1	H304

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects	:	Flammable liquid and vapour,May cause cancer,May cause genetic defects,Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure,Causes skin irritation,May cause an allergic skin reaction,Causes serious eye irritation,May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

2.2. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Labelling according to the United Nations GHS

Hazard pictograms (GHS ZA) :

Signal word (GHS-ZA) : Danger

Hazardous ingredients	:	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; (Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids; Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine; Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime
Hazard statements (GHS ZA)	:	H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H315 - Causes skin irritation H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H340 - May cause genetic defects (Dermal, Inhalation, Oral) H350 - May cause cancer (Inhalation) H372 - Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)
Precautionary statements (GHS ZA)	:	P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P261 - Avoid breathing dust, mist, spray. P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves, protective clothing. P319 - Get medical help if you feel unwell. P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting. P501 - Dispose of container to recycling.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification or are not covered by the GHS

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to the United Nations GHS
Calcium carbonate	CAS-No.: 471-34-1	9.5 – 19	Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT RE Not classified
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	CAS-No.: 64742-88-7	7.5 – 17	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. Not classified (Oral) Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Titanium dioxide	CAS-No.: 13463-67-7	1 – 10	Acute Tox. Not classified (Inhalation:dust,mist) Carc. 2, H351
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	CAS-No.: 64742-94-5	1.5 – 5	STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Talc /Talc containing no asbestos fibers/	CAS-No.: 14807-96-6	1 – 5	Acute Tox. Not classified (Oral) Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute Not classified

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to the United Nations GHS
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	CAS-No.: 64742-95-6	0.15 – 0.5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	CAS-No.: 147900-93-4	0.15 – 0.5	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	CAS-No.: 96-29-7	0.0995 – 0.2985	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids	CAS-No.: 85711-55-3	0.1 – 0.25	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 2, H373

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Call a physician immediately.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effect, acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Risk of lung oedema.

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Flammable liquid and vapour.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.
Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Limit quantities of product at the minimum necessary for handling and limit the number of exposed workers. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Hygiene measures : Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Restricted Limits)	
Local name	Titanium dioxide
RHCA - STEL/C	10 mg/m³ 10 mg/m³ total inhalable dust 5 mg/m³ respirable dust
Remark	CARC (denotes carcinogenicity, which is based on GHS categorisation, including category 1A, 1B)
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021 Government Notice. R: 1179
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airborne Pollutants)	
Local name	Titanium dioxide
OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ inhalable particulate 5 mg/m³ respirable particulate
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904

Talc /Talc containing no asbestos fibers/ (14807-96-6)	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Maximum Limits)	
Local name	Talc (containing asbestos fibres)
RHCA - OEL [ppm]	0.6 fibers/mL (measured over a continuous 10-minute period)
RHCA - STEL/C [ppm]	0.1 fibers/mL
Remark	CARC (denotes carcinogenicity, which is based on GHS categorisation, including category 1A and 1B)
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021; Government Notice No. R. 11196, 2020
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Restricted Limits)	
Local name	Talc (containing no asbestos fibers)
RHCA - STEL/C	4 mg/m³ (E: the value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and ≤ 1% crystalline silica, R: respirable fraction) 10 mg/m³ total inhalable dust 1 mg/m³ respirable dust
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021 Government Notice. R: 1179
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airborne Pollutants)	
Local name	Talc
OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ inhalable particulate 1 mg/m³ respirable particulate
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.
Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Hand protection : Protective gloves
Eye protection : Safety glasses
Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing
Respiratory protection : [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.
Personal protective equipment symbol(s)

8.4. Exposure limit values for the other components

No additional information available

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	Opaque. Liquid.
Colour	:	White.
Odour	:	Aromatic solvent like odour.
Odour threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
pH solution	:	No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	:	No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	:	No data available
Melting point	:	Not applicable
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	No data available
Flash point	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Flammability	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Vapour pressure at 50°C	:	No data available
Relative vapour density at 20°C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	≈ 1.33
Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture	:	No data available
Density	:	No data available
Relative gas density	:	No data available
Solubility	:	Material insoluble in water. Soluble in in aromatic solvents.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	:	No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	> 1 – < 4.3 mm²/s
Viscosity, dynamic	:	> 750 – < 900 cP
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidising properties	:	No data available
Explosive limits	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit	:	No data available
Physical state	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	Opaque. Liquid.

9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Flammable liquid and vapour.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (64742-88-7)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method), Remarks on results: other:
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	> 5.28 mg/l/4h Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:, 95% CL: 0,42 -

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (64742-95-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method), Guideline: EU Method B.1 tris (Acute Oral Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1100 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: other:, Remarks on results: other:

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	> 6.82 mg/l Source: ECHA

Talc /Talc containing no asbestos fibers/ (14807-96-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/l Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Talc /Talc containing no asbestos fibers/ (14807-96-6)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 2.1 mg/l Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), Guideline: EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1300 (Acute inhalation toxicity)

Calcium carbonate (471-34-1)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method), Guideline: EU Method B.1 bis (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Procedure)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: EU Method B.3 (Acute Toxicity (Dermal))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 3 mg/l/4h Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), Guideline: EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1300 (Acute inhalation toxicity)

Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 4.83 mg/l/4h Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects (Dermal, Inhalation, Oral).
Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer (Inhalation).
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
STOT-single exposure : Not classified

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (64742-95-6)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)	
STOT-single exposure	Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure : Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (64742-88-7)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	≥ 0.024 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5)	
LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	50 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study)
LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	4.71 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:90-Day Study)
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	2355 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:90-Day Study)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	7.1 – 21.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)

(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine (147900-93-4)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Talc /Talc containing no asbestos fibers/ (14807-96-6)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	100 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 452 (Chronic Toxicity Studies)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Calcium carbonate (471-34-1)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days)	≥ 0.212 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study)

Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: other:
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	0.09 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)
NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days)	110 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Wedgewood - Opulent Universal Undercoat	
Viscosity, kinematic	> 1 – < 4.3 mm²/s

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term (acute) : Not classified

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term (chronic) : Not classified

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1.2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna

(Z)-octadec-9-en-1-aminium salts of tall-oil fatty acids (85711-55-3)	
LOEC (chronic)	4.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)	
LOEC (acute)	≈ 160 mg/l Fish, 4 Days; Source: ECHA
LOEC (chronic)	≈ 5 mg/l Crustacea, 21 Days; Source: ECHA
NOEC (acute)	0.004 – 0.08 mg/l 28 Dday, fish; Source: Echa

Talc /Talc containing no asbestos fibers/ (14807-96-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	89581.02 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:

Talc /Talc containing no asbestos fibers/ (14807-96-6)	
LC50 - Fish [2]	110000 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	7202.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:
NOEC (chronic)	1459798 mg/l Test organisms (species): other: Duration: '30 d'

Calcium carbonate (471-34-1)	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 14 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)

Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oryzias latipes
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	≈ 201 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	≈ 11.8 mg/l Test organisms (species): Scenedesmus capricornutum
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	≈ 6.09 mg/l Test organisms (species): Scenedesmus capricornutum
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Wedgewood - Opulent Universal Undercoat	
Persistence and degradability	No additional information available

Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)
Not rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Wedgewood - Opulent Universal Undercoat	
Bioaccumulative potential	No additional information available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Wedgewood - Opulent Universal Undercoat	
Mobility in soil	No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified
Other adverse effects : No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Additional information : Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with SANS / IMDG / IATA

SANS	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number		
1263	1263	1263

SANS	IMDG	IATA
14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name		
PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	Paint related material
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
3	3	3
		
14.4. Packing group, if applicable		
III	III	III
14.5. Environmental hazards		
Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No Marine pollutant : No	Dangerous for the environment : No
No supplementary information available		

14.6. Special precautions for user

SANS

Special provisions (SANS) : 163, 187, 223
Limited quantities (SANS) : 5 L
Limited quantities (SANS) : 5 L
Packagings, large packagings and IBCs Packing instructions (SANS) : P001, IBC03, LP01
Packagings, large packagings and IBCs Special packing instructions (SANS) : PP1
Portable tank and bulk containers instructions (SANS) : T2
Portable tank and bulk container special provisions (SANS) : TP1, TP29

IMDG

Special provisions (IMDG) : 163, 223, 367, 955
Limited quantities (IMDG) : 5 L
Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E1
Packing instructions (IMDG) : P001, LP01
Special packing provisions (IMDG) : PP1
IBC packing instructions (IMDG) : IBC03
Tank instructions (IMDG) : T2
Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP1, TP29
EmS-No. (Fire) : F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-E - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Echo - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, FLOATING ON WATER
Stowage category (IMDG) : A
Properties and observations (IMDG) : Miscibility with water depends upon the composition.

IATA

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E1
PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y344
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 10L
PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 355
PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 60L
CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 366
CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 220L
Special provisions (IATA) : A3, A72, A192
ERG code (IATA) : 3L

14.7. Transport in bulk according to IMO instructions

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

No additional information available

SECTION 16: Other information

Issue date : 13/06/2023

Full text of H-statements:	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H227	Combustible liquid
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H303	May be harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H340	May cause genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H370	Causes damage to organs
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), South Africa (HCA)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.